

NETWORK AUTOMATION TUTORIAL

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HOW TO NAVIGATE THIS TUTORIAL?

Press left and right to change sections. Press up and down to move within sections. Press ? anytime for help.



- **Network Systems Engineer** at **Fastly**
- Previously:
 - **Network Engineer** at **Spotify**
 - **Network Engineer** at **NTT**
 - **Network & Systems Engineer** at **Atlas IT**
- Creator of:
 - **N.A.P.A.L.M.**
 - **SDN Internet Router**

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AGENDA

- Lab preparation
- Hello world
- Abstract Vendor Interfaces
- Abstract Vendor Configurations
- Data-Driven Configuration
- Data-Driven Configuration with a Backend
- Abstractions

LAB PREPARATION

Link to the code on github

OBJECTIVES

- Install all of the python requirements
- Start the devices on your lab

INSTALLING PYTHON REQUIREMENTS

```
→ workspace git clone git@github.com:dravetech/network-tutorials.git
Cloning into 'network-tutorials'...
remote: Counting objects: 277, done.
remote: Compressing objects: 100% (120/120), done.
remote: Total 277 (delta 33), reused 0 (delta 0), pack-reused 151
Receiving objects: 100% (277/277), 1.77 MiB | 932.00 KiB/s, done.
Resolving deltas: 100% (73/73), done.
Checking connectivity... done.
→ workspace cd network-tutorials
→ network-tutorials git:(master) virtualenv venv
New python executable in /Users/dbarroso/workspace/network-tutorials/venv/bin/python2.7
Also creating executable in /Users/dbarroso/workspace/network-tutorials/venv/bin/python
Installing setuptools, pip, wheel...done.
→ network-tutorials git:(master) . venv/bin/activate
(venv) → network-tutorials git:(master) pip install -U -r requirements.txt
Collecting PyYAML (from -r requirements.txt (line 1))
Collecting ansible==2.1.1.0 (from -r requirements.txt (line 2))
Collecting junos-eznc (from -r requirements.txt (line 3))
Collecting napalm (from -r requirements.txt (line 4))
Collecting pyeapi (from -r requirements.txt (line 5))
Collecting pylama (from -r requirements.txt (line 6))
    Using cached pylama-7.1.0-py2.py3-none-any.whl
Collecting pynsot (from -r requirements.txt (line 7))
Collecting invoke (from -r requirements.txt (line 8))
    Using cached invoke-0.13.0-py2-none-any.whl
Collecting yamllint (from -r requirements.txt (line 9))
    Downloading yamllint-1.5.0.tar.gz (76kB)
100% |████████████████████████████████| 81kB 1.4MB/s
```

STARTING THE LAB

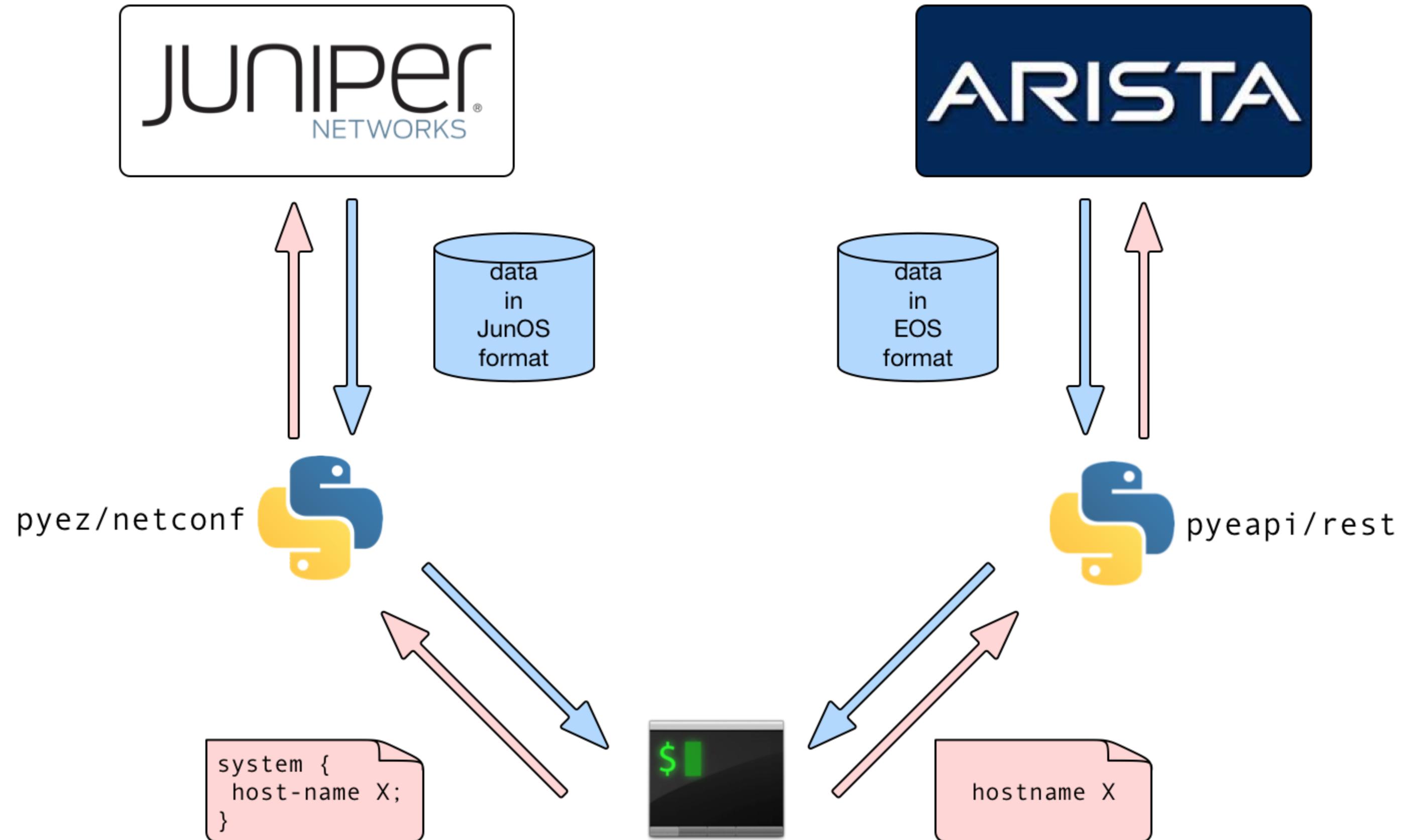
```
(venv) → network-tutorials git:(master) cd labs/lab1
(venv) → lab1 git:(master) vagrant up
Adding ssh key to the ssh agent
ssh-add /opt/vagrant/embedded/gems/gems/vagrant-1.8.1/keys/vagrant
Identity added: /opt/vagrant/embedded/gems/gems/vagrant-1.8.1/keys/vagrant (/opt/vagrant/embedded/gems/gems/vagrant-1.8.1/key
/Users/dbarroso/.vagrant.d/boxes/vEOS-lab-4.16.6M/0/virtualbox/Vagrantfile:15: warning: already initialized constant VAGRANTI
/Users/dbarroso/workspace/network-tutorials/labs/lab1/Vagrantfile:6: warning: previous definition of VAGRANTFILE_API_VERSION
Bringing machine 'veos' up with 'virtualbox' provider...
Bringing machine 'junos' up with 'virtualbox' provider...
==> veos: Importing base box 'vEOS-lab-4.16.6M'...
==> veos: Matching MAC address for NAT networking...
==> veos: Setting the name of the VM: lab1_veos_1476088690154_98596
==> veos: Clearing any previously set network interfaces...
==> veos: Preparing network interfaces based on configuration...
    veos: Adapter 1: nat
    veos: Adapter 2: intnet
    veos: Adapter 3: intnet
==> veos: Forwarding ports...
    veos: 443 (guest) => 12443 (host) (adapter 1)
    veos: 22 (guest) => 2222 (host) (adapter 1)
==> veos: Booting VM...
==> veos: Waiting for machine to boot. This may take a few minutes...
    veos: SSH address: 127.0.0.1:2222
    veos: SSH username: root
    veos: SSH auth method: private key
```

1 - HELLO WORLD

Link to the code on [github](#)

OBJECTIVES

Learn how to connect to different devices, **gather data** such as the serial number or the device model and how to **manipulate the device configuration** using their respective **APIs**.



JUNOS - RETRIEVING FACTS

```
>>> from jnpr.junos import Device
>>> import pprint
>>> pp = pprint.PrettyPrinter(indent=4)
>>>
>>> junos = Device(host='127.0.0.1', user='vagrant', port=12203)
>>> junos.open()
Device(127.0.0.1)
>>> junos_facts = junos.facts
>>> pp pprint(junos_facts)
{
    '2RE': False,
    'HOME': '/cf/var/home/vagrant',
    'RE0': {
        'last_reboot_reason': 'Router rebooted after a normal shutdown.',
        'model': 'FIREFLY-PERIMETER RE',
        'status': 'Testing',
        'up_time': '3 minutes, 36 seconds'},
    'domain': None,
    'fqdn': 'vsrx',
    'hostname': 'vsrx',
    'model': 'FIREFLY-PERIMETER',
    'personality': 'SRX_BRANCH',
    'serialnumber': '5b2b599a283b',
    'srx_cluster': False,
    'version': '12.1X47-D20.7',
    'version_info': junos.version_info(major=(12, 1), type=X, minor=(47, 'D', 20), build=7),
    'virtual': True}
>>> junos.close()
```

EOS - RETRIEVING FACTS

```
>>> import pyeapi
>>> import pprint
>>> pp = pprint.PrettyPrinter(indent=4)
>>> connection = pyeapi.client.connect(transport='https', host='127.0.0.1', username='vagrant',
...                                         password='vagrant', port=12443, )
>>> eos = pyeapi.client.Node(connection)
>>> eos_facts = eos.run_commands(['show version'])
>>> pp.pprint(eos_facts)
[ { u'architecture': u'i386',
  u'bootupTimestamp': 1475859369.15,
  u'hardwareRevision': u'',
  u'internalBuildId': u'e796e94c-ba3b-4355-afcf-ef0abfbfaee3',
  u'internalVersion': u'4.16.6M-3205780.4166M',
  u'isIntlVersion': False,
  u'memFree': 56204,
  u'memTotal': 1897596,
  u'modelName': u'vEOS',
  u'serialNumber': u'',
  u'systemMacAddress': u'08:00:27:52:27:ce',
  u'version': u'4.16.6M'} ]
```

JUNOS - CHANGING THE HOSTNAME

```
>>> from jnpr.junos import Device
>>> from jnpr.junos.utils.config import Config
>>>
>>> junos = Device(host='127.0.0.1', user='vagrant', port=12203)
>>> junos.open()
Device(127.0.0.1)
>>>
>>> print(junos.facts['hostname'])
vsrx
>>> junos.bind(cu=Config)
>>> junos.cu.lock()
True
>>> junos.cu.load("system {host-name new-hostname;}", format="text", merge=True)
>>> junos.cu.commit()
True
>>> junos.cu.unlock()
True
>>> junos.facts_refresh()
>>> print(junos.facts['hostname'])
new-hostname
>>> junos.close()
```

EOS - CHANGING THE HOSTNAME

```
>>> import pyeapi
>>> connection = pyeapi.client.connect(
...     transport='https',
...     host='127.0.0.1',
...     username='vagrant',
...     password='vagrant',
...     port=12443,
... )
>>> eos = pyeapi.client.Node(connection)
>>> print(eos.run_commands(['show hostname'])[0]['hostname'])
localhost
>>> eos.run_commands(['configure', 'hostname a-new-hostname'])
[{}, {}]
>>> print(eos.run_commands(['show hostname'])[0]['hostname'])
a-new-hostname
```

SUMMARY

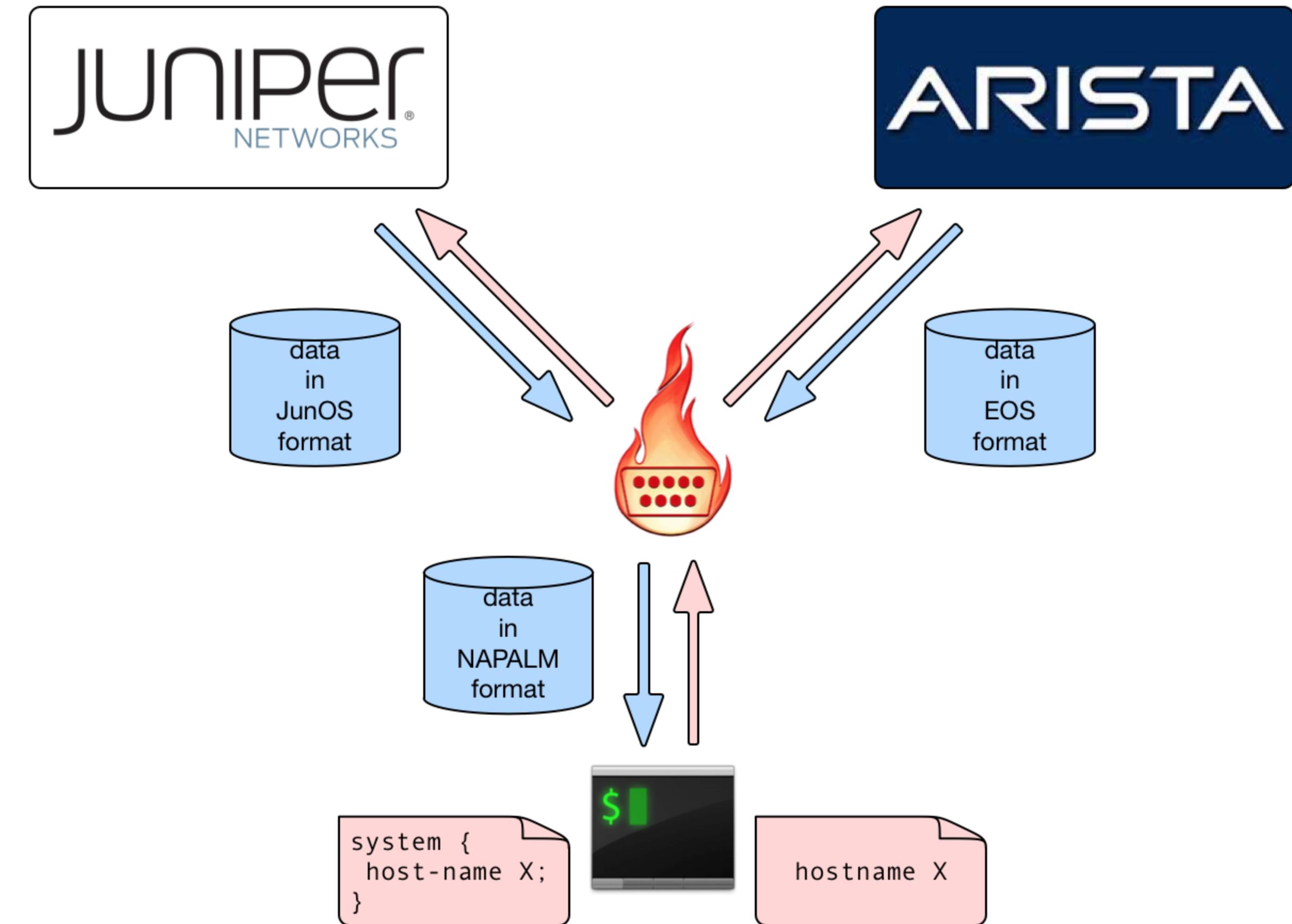
- Different devices have different APIs
- Different APIs behave differently so code is different
- Similar methods may return similar but different data structures and with different formats

2 - ABSTRACT VENDOR INTERFACES

Link to the code on [github](#)

OBJECTIVES

Learn how to use `napalm` to **abstract vendor's APIs**. The code we will produce in this section will have the same functionality as in the previous section, however, it will work across different vendors.



NAPALM - RETRIEVING FACTS

```
>>> from napalm_base import get_network_driver
>>> import pprint
>>> pp = pprint.PrettyPrinter(indent=4)
>>>
>>> junos_driver = get_network_driver('junos')
>>> eos_driver = get_network_driver('eos')
>>>
>>> junos_configuration = {
...     'hostname': '127.0.0.1',
...     'username': 'vagrant',
...     'password': '',
...     'optional_args': {'port': 12203}
... }
>>>
>>> eos_configuration = {
...     'hostname': '127.0.0.1',
...     'username': 'vagrant',
...     'password': 'vagrant',
...     'optional_args': {'port': 12443}
... }
>>>
>>> with junos_driver(**junos_configuration) as junos:
...     pp pprint(junos.get_facts())
...
{   'fqdn': u'new-hostname',
    'hostname': u'new-hostname',
    'interface_list': [    'ge-0/0/0', 'gr-0/0/0',
                           'lt-0/0/0', 'mt-0/0/0', 'vlan'],
    'model': u'FIREFLY-PERIMETER',
    'os_version': u'12.1X47-D20.7',
    'serial_number': u'5b2b599a283b',
    'uptime': 1080,
    'vendor': u'Juniper'}
>>>
>>> with eos_driver(**eos_configuration) as eos:
...     pp pprint(eos.get_facts())
...
{   'fqdn': u'a-new-hostname',
    'hostname': u'a-new-hostname',
    'interface_list': [u'Ethernet1', u'Ethernet2',
                       u'Management1'],
    'model': u'veOS',
    'os_version': u'4.16.6M-3205780.4166M',
    'serial_number': u'',
    'uptime': 1217,
    'vendor': u'Arista'}
```

NAPALM - CHANGING THE HOSTNAME

```
>>> from napalm_base import get_network_driver
>>> junos_driver = get_network_driver('junos')
>>> eos_driver = get_network_driver('eos')
>>>
>>> junos_configuration = {
...     'hostname': '127.0.0.1',
...     'username': 'vagrant',
...     'password': '',
...     'optional_args': {'port': 12203}
... }
>>>
>>> eos_configuration = {
...     'hostname': '127.0.0.1',
...     'username': 'vagrant',
...     'password': 'vagrant',
...     'optional_args': {'port': 12443}
... }
>>>
>>> def change_configuration(device, configuration):
...     device.load_merge_candidate(config=configuration)
...     print(device.compare_config())
...     device.commit_config()
...
>>>
```

NAPALM - CHANGING THE HOSTNAME (CONT'D)

```
>>> with junos_driver(**junos_configuration) as junos:
...     change_configuration(
...         junos,
...         "system {host-name yet-another-hostname;}"
...     )
...
[edit system]
- host-name new-hostname;
+ host-name yet-another-hostname;
>>>

>>> with junos_driver(**junos_configuration) as junos:
...     change_configuration(
...         junos,
...         "system {host-name yet-another-hostname;}"
...     )
...
>>>
```

```
>>> with eos_driver(**eos_configuration) as eos:
...     change_configuration(
...         eos,
...         'hostname yet-another-hostname'
...     )
...
@@ -8,7 +8,7 @@
!
transceiver qsfp default-mode 4x10G
!
-hostname a-new-hostname
+hostname yet-another-hostname
!
spanning-tree mode mstp
!
>>>

>>> with eos_driver(**eos_configuration) as eos:
...     change_configuration(
...         eos,
...         'hostname yet-another-hostname'
...     )
...
>>>
```

Changes are idempotent

SUMMARY

- NAPALM allows you to write code that works across vendors; workflows and data retrieval are unified across platforms
- Configuration syntax is still vendor dependent (YANG support is under progress)
- Configuration changes are idempotent

3 - ABSTRACT VENDOR CONFIGURATIONS

Link to the code on [github](#)

OBJECTIVES

Learn how to use ansible and jinja2 templates to **abstract configuration syntax** and focus on the parameters to change



```
templates/junos/basic.j2
system {
    host-name {{ hostname }};
    domain-name {{ domain }};
}
```



```
templates/eos/basic.j2
hostname {{ hostname }}
ip domain-name {{ domain }}
```

```
host_vars/rtr01.yml
---
hostname: anotherhost
domain: acme.com
```



```
host_vars/rtr00.yml
---
hostname: thehostname
domain: acme.com
```

```
[all]
rtr00 os=eos    host=127.0.0.1 user=vagrant password=vagrant port=12443
rtr01 os=junos host=127.0.0.1 user=vagrant password="" port=12203
```

ANSIBLE - GETTING INFORMATION - PLAYBOOK

```
---
- name: "Get facts"
  hosts: all
  connection: local
  gather_facts: no
  vars:

  tasks:
    - name: "get facts from device"
      napalm_get_facts:
        hostname: "{{ host }}"
        username: "{{ user }}"
        dev_os: "{{ os }}"
        password: "{{ password }}"
        optional_args:
          port: "{{ port }}"
          filter: ['facts']
        register: napalm_facts
    - name: Facts
      debug:
        msg: "{{ napalm_facts.ansible_facts.facts|to_nice_json }}"
        tags: [print_action]
```

ANSIBLE - GETTING INFORMATION - RUN (1)

```
(network-tutorials) → tutorial-3-abstract-vendor-configuration git:(master) ✘ ansible-playbook playbook_facts.yml
.
.
# Facts ****
* rtr00          - changed=False -----
{
    "fqdn": "yet-another-hostname",
    "hostname": "yet-another-hostname",
    "interface_list": [
        "Ethernet1",
        "Ethernet2",
        "Management1"
    ],
    "model": "vEOS",
    "os_version": "4.16.6M-3205780.4166M",
    "serial_number": "",
    "uptime": 267325,
    "vendor": "Arista"
}
* rtr01          - changed=False -----
{
```

ANSIBLE - GETTING INFORMATION - RUN (2)

```
"vendor": "Arista"
}
* rtr01          - changed=False -----
{
  "fqdn": "yet-another-hostname",
  "hostname": "yet-another-hostname",
  "interface_list": [
    "ge-0/0/0",
    "gr-0/0/0",
    "ge-0/0/1",
    "ge-0/0/2",
    ".local.",
  ],
  "model": "FIREFLY-PERIMETER",
  "os_version": "12.1X47-D20.7",
  "serial_number": "de219312ae14",
  "uptime": 265200,
  "vendor": "Juniper"
}

# STATS ****
rtr00 : ok=2 changed=0      failed=0      unreachable=0
rtr01 : ok=2 changed=0      failed=0      unreachable=0
```

ANSIBLE - CHANGING CONFIG - DATA

```
→ cat hosts
[all]
rtr00 os=eos    host=127.0.0.1 user=vagrant password=vagrant port=12443
rtr01 os=junos  host=127.0.0.1 user=vagrant password="" port=12203
```

```
→ cat group_vars/all.yml
---
ansible_python_interpreter: "/usr/bin/env python"

domain: acme.com
```

```
→ cat host_vars/rtr00.yml
---
hostname: thehostnama
```

```
→ cat host_vars/rtr01.yml
---
hostname: another-host
```

ANSIBLE - CHANGING CONFIG - TEMPLATES

```
→ cat templates/eos/simple.j2
hostname {{ hostname }}
ip domain-name {{ domain }}
```

```
→ cat templates/junos/simple.j2
system {
    host-name {{ hostname }};
    domain-name {{ domain }};
}
```

ANSIBLE - CHANGING CONFIG - PLAYBOOK

```
---
  tasks:
    - name: A simple template with some configuration
      template:
        src: "{{ os }}/simple.j2"
        dest: "{{ host_dir }}/simple.conf"
        changed_when: False
        when: commit_changes == 0
    - name: Load configuration into the device
      napalm_install_config:
        hostname: "{{ host }}"
        username: "{{ user }}"
        dev_os: "{{ os }}"
        password: "{{ password }}"
        optional_args:
          port: "{{ port }}"
        config_file: "{{ host_dir }}/simple.conf"
        commit_changes: "{{ commit_changes }}"
        replace_config: false
        get_diffs: True
        diff_file: "{{ host_dir }}/diff"
      tags: [print_action]
```

ANSIBLE - CHANGING CONFIG - DRY-RUN

```
(network-tutorials) → tutorial-3-abstract-vendor-configuration git:(master) ✘ ansible-playbook playbook_configure.yml -C
.....
# Load configuration into the device *****
* rtr00          - changed=True -----
@@ -8,7 +8,8 @@
!
transceiver qsfp default-mode 4x10G
!
-hostname yet-another-hostname
+hostname thehostname
+ip domain-name acme.com
!
spanning-tree mode mstp
!
* rtr01          - changed=True -----
[edit system]
- host-name yet-another-hostname;
+ host-name another-host;
+ domain-name acme.com;

# STATS *****
rtr00    : ok=4 changed=1      failed=0      unreachable=0
rtr01    : ok=4 changed=1      failed=0      unreachable=0
```

ANSIBLE - CHANGING CONFIG - COMMIT

```
(network-tutorials) ➔ tutorial-3-abstract-vendor-configuration git:(master) ✘ ansible-playbook playbook_configure.yml
.....
# Load configuration into the device *****
* rtr00          - changed=True -----
@@ -8,7 +8,8 @@
!
transceiver qsfp default-mode 4x10G
!
-hostname yet-another-hostname
+hostname thehostname
+ip domain-name acme.com
!
spanning-tree mode mstp
!
* rtr01          - changed=True -----
[edit system]
- host-name yet-another-hostname;
+ host-name another-host;
+ domain-name acme.com;

# STATS *****
rtr00    : ok=4 changed=1      failed=0      unreachable=0
rtr01    : ok=4 changed=1      failed=0      unreachable=0
```

ANSIBLE - CHANGING CONFIG - COMMIT (2)

```
(network-tutorials) ➔ tutorial-3-abstract-vendor-configuration git:(master) ✘ ansible-playbook playbook_configure.yml
.....
# Load configuration into the device *****
* rtr00          -- changed=False ---
* rtr01          -- changed=False ---

# STATS *****
rtr00    : ok=4 changed=0      failed=0      unreachable=0
rtr01    : ok=4 changed=0      failed=0      unreachable=0
```

Changes are idempotent

SUMMARY

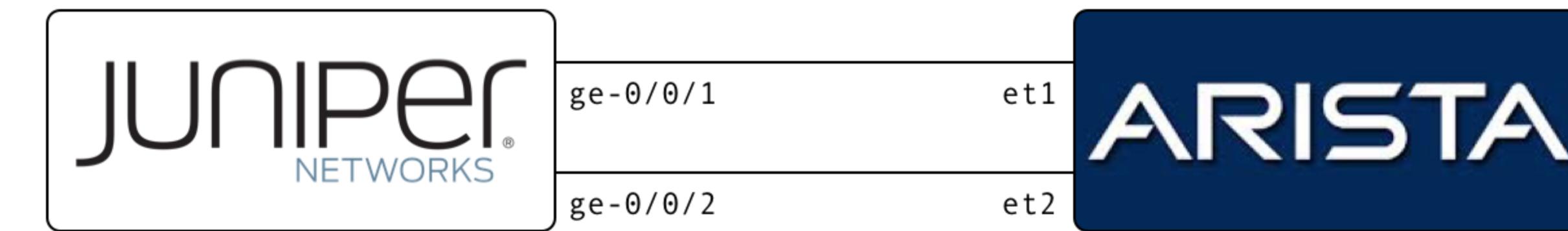
1. We used ansible as our framework to build our configuration management system
2. We stored variables in YAML
3. We used jinja2 templates to *translate* variables into device configuration
4. We leveraged on NAPALM to seamlessly deploy the resulting configuration and to gather information

4 - DATA-DRIVEN CONFIGURATION

Link to the code on [github](#)

OBJECTIVES

We are going to leverage on what we have learnt so far to build an IP fabric using **vendor-agnostic data** to drive the configuration.



```
roles/ipfabric/templates/junos/ipfabric.j2
{% for peer in peers %}
protocols {
    bgp {
        group peers {
            neighbor {{ peer.ip }} {
                peer-as {{ peer.asn }};
            }
        }
    }
}
```

```
roles/ipfabric/templates/eos/ipfabric.j2
ipv6 unicast-routing
...
{% for peer in peers %}
    neigh {{ peer.ip }} remote-as {{ peer.asn }}
    address-family ipv6
        neighbor {{ peer.ip }} activate
{% endfor %}
```

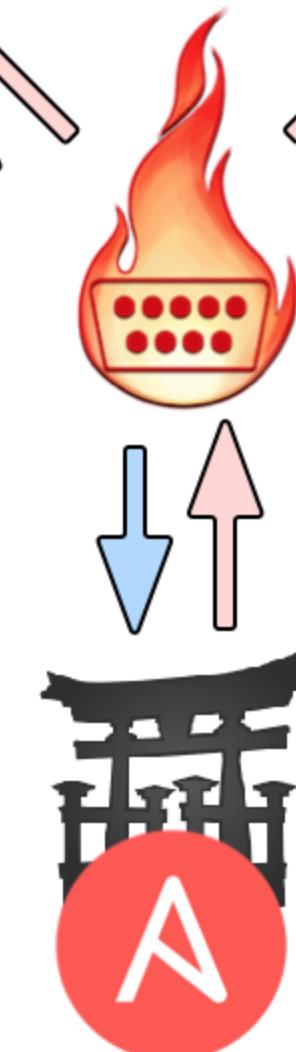
asn: 65001
router_id: "1.1.1.101"

interfaces:

- name: "lo0"
ip_address: "2001:db8:b33f::101/128"
- name: "ge-0/0/1"
ip_address: "2001:db8:caf3:1::1/127"
- name: "ge-0/0/2"
ip_address: "2001:db8:caf3:2::1/127"

peers:

- ip: "2001:db8:caf3:1::"
asn: 65000
- ip: "2001:db8:caf3:2::"
asn: 65000



asn: 65000
router_id: "1.1.1.100"

interfaces:

- name: "lo0"
ip_address: "2001:db8:b33f::100/128"
- name: "et1"
ip_address: "2001:db8:caf3:1::1/127"
- name: "et2"
ip_address: "2001:db8:caf3:2::1/127"

peers:

- ip: "2001:db8:caf3:1::1"
asn: 65001
- ip: "2001:db8:caf3:2::1"
asn: 65001

D-D - CHANGING CONFIG - DATA

```
→ cat host_vars/rtr00.yml
```

```
---
```

```
hostname: rtr00
```

```
asn: 65000
```

```
router_id: "1.1.1.100"
```

```
interfaces:
```

- name: "lo0"
ip_address: "2001:db8:b33f::100/128"
- name: "et1"
ip_address: "2001:db8:caf3:1::127"
- name: "et2"
ip_address: "2001:db8:caf3:2::127"

```
peers:
```

- ip: "2001:db8:caf3:1::1"
asn: 65001
- ip: "2001:db8:caf3:2::1"
asn: 65001

```
→ cat hosts
```

```
[all]
```

```
rtr00 os=eos host=127.0.0.1 user=vagrant password=vagrant port=12443
```

```
rtr01 os=junos host=127.0.0.1 user=vagrant password="" port=12203
```

```
→ cat host_vars/rtr01.yml
```

```
---
```

```
hostname: rtr01
```

```
asn: 65001
```

```
router_id: "1.1.1.101"
```

```
interfaces:
```

- name: "lo0"
ip_address: "2001:db8:b33f::101/128"
- name: "ge-0/0/1"
ip_address: "2001:db8:caf3:1::1/127"
- name: "ge-0/0/2"
ip_address: "2001:db8:caf3:2::1/127"

```
peers:
```

- ip: "2001:db8:caf3:1::1"
asn: 65000
- ip: "2001:db8:caf3:2::1"
asn: 65000

D-D CHANGING CONFIG - TEMPLATES

```
→ cat (...) /templates/eos/ipfabric.j2
ipv6 unicast-routing

{% for interface in interfaces %}
default interface {{ interface.name }}
interface {{ interface.name }}
{{ 'no switchport' if not interface.name.startswith('Loopback') }}
    ipv6 address {{ interface.ip_address }}
{% endfor %}

route-map EXPORT-LO0 permit 10
    match interface Loopback0

no router bgp
router bgp {{ asn }}
    router-id {{ router_id }}
    redistribute connected route-map EXPORT-LO0

{% for peer in peers %}
    neighbor {{ peer.ip }} remote-as {{ peer.asn }}
    address-family ipv6
        neighbor {{ peer.ip }} activate
{% endfor %}
```

```
→ cat (...) /templates/junos/ipfabric.j2
{%
    for interface in interfaces
%}

interfaces {
    replace:
        {{ interface.name }} {
            unit 0 {
                family inet6 {
                    address {{ interface.ip_address }}
                }
            }
        }
    }
}

{% endfor %}

routing-options {
    router-id {{ router_id }};
    autonomous-system {{ asn }};
}

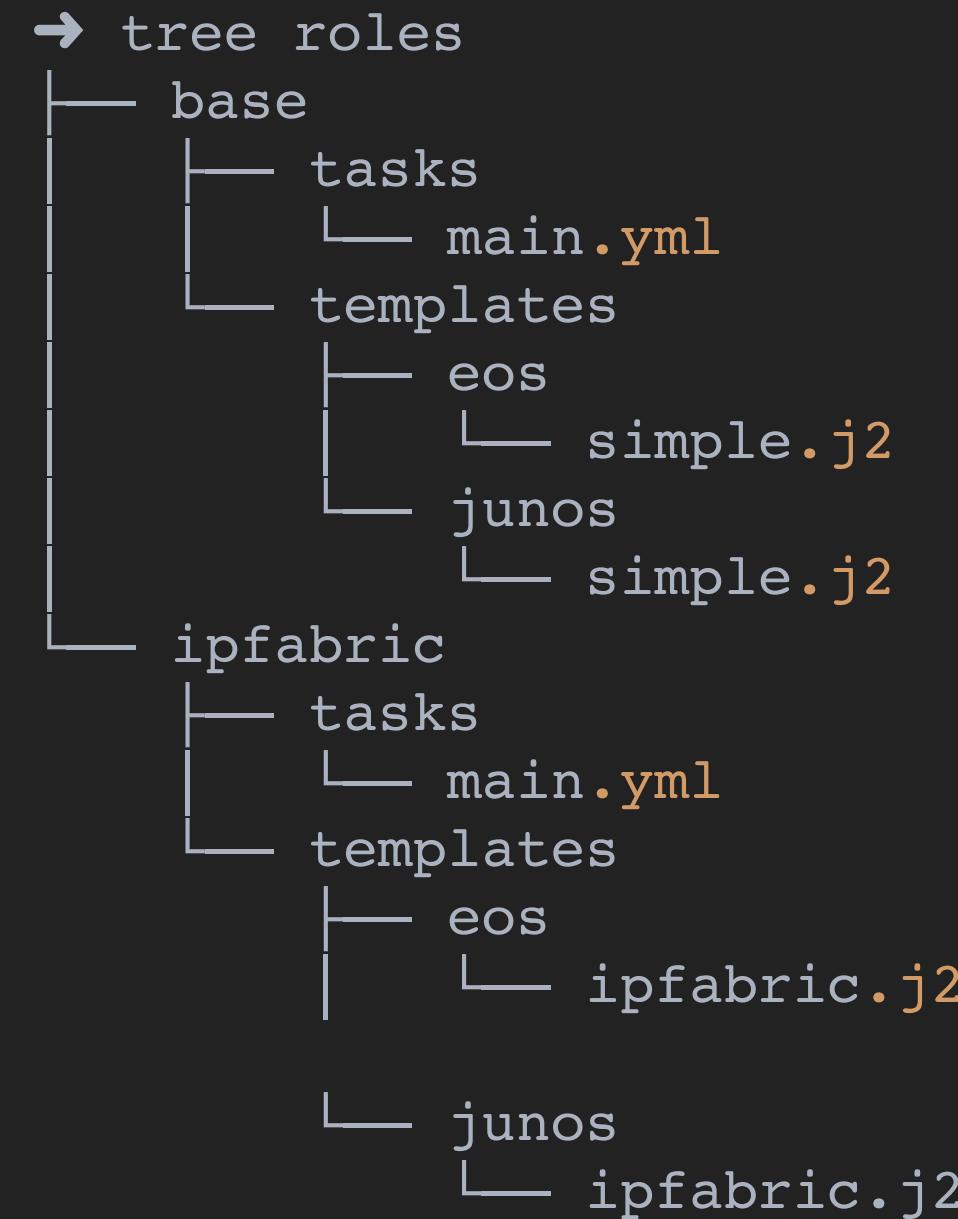
policy-options {
    policy-statement EXPORT_LO0 {
        from interface lo0.0;
        then accept;
    }
    policy-statement PERMIT_ALL {
        from protocol bgp;
        then accept;
    }
}
```

D-D CHANGING CONFIG - PLAYBOOK

```
...
- name: Basic Configuration
  hosts: all
  connection: local
  roles:
    - base

- name: Fabric Configuration
  hosts: all
  connection: local
  roles:
    - ipfabric
...

```



D-D CHANGING CONFIG - RUN (1)

```
(network-tutorials) ➔ tutorial-4-data-driven-configuration git:(master) ✘ ansible-playbook playbook_configure.yml -C
-----
# Load configuration into the device *****
* rtr00
  * changed=True
    @@ -8,7 +8,7 @@
      !
      transceiver qsfp default-mode 4x10G
      !
      -hostname thehostname
      +hostname rtr00
        ip domain-name acme.com
        !
        spanning-tree mode mstp
    @@ -21,14 +21,37 @@
      username ***** privilege 15 role network-admin secret 5 $1$gPwz40c5$.FRwGrhtFFEIKHAeGN5Dq/
      !
      interface Ethernet1
        + no switchport
        + ipv6 address 2001:db8:caf3:1::/127
        !
      interface Ethernet2
        + no switchport
        + ipv6 address 2001:db8:caf3:2::/127
        +!
      +interface Loopback0
        + ipv6 address 2001:db8:b33f::100/128
        !
```

D-D CHANGING CONFIG - RUN (2)

```
!
+ipv6 unicast-routing
+!
+route-map EXPORT-L00 permit 10
+  match interface Loopback0
+!
+routing bgp 65000
+  router-id 1.1.1.100
+  neighbor 2001:db8:caf3:1::1 remote-as 65001
+  neighbor 2001:db8:caf3:1::1 maximum-routes 12000
+  neighbor 2001:db8:caf3:2::1 remote-as 65001
+  neighbor 2001:db8:caf3:2::1 maximum-routes 12000
+  redistribute connected route-map EXPORT-L00
+  address-family ipv6
+    neighbor 2001:db8:caf3:1::1 activate
+    neighbor 2001:db8:caf3:2::1 activate
+!
management api http-commands
  no shutdown
!
* rtr01          - changed=True -----
[edit system]
- host-name another-host;
+ host-name rtr01;
[edit interfaces]
+ ge-0/0/1 {
+   unit 0 {
```

D-D CHANGING CONFIG - RUN (3)

```
+     family inet6 {
+         address 2001:db8:caf3:1::1/127;
+     }
+ }
+ ge-0/0/2 {
+     unit 0 {
+         family inet6 {
+             address 2001:db8:caf3:2::1/127;
+         }
+     }
+ }
+ lo0 {
+     unit 0 {
+         family inet6 {
+             address 2001:db8:b33f::101/128;
+         }
+     }
+ }
[edit]
+ routing-options {
+     router-id 1.1.1.101;
+     autonomous-system 65001;
+ }
```

D-D CHANGING CONFIG - RUN (4)

```
+ protocols {
+   bgp {
+     import PERMIT_ALL;
+     export [ EXPORT_L00 PERMIT_ALL ];
+     group peers {
+       neighbor 2001:db8:caf3:1:: {
+         peer-as 65000;
+       }
+       neighbor 2001:db8:caf3:2:: {
+         peer-as 65000;
+       }
+     }
+   }
+ }
```

```
+ policy-options {
+   policy-statement EXPORT_L00 {
+     from interface lo0.0;
+     then accept;
+   }
+   policy-statement PERMIT_ALL {
+     from protocol bgp;
+     then accept;
+   }
+ }
```

```
# STATS ****
rtr00    : ok=9 changed=1      failed=0      unreachable=0
rtr01    : ok=9 changed=1      failed=0      unreachable=0
```

D-D VERIFYING BGP STATE - PLAYBOOK

```
- name: "get facts from device"
  napalm_get_facts:
    hostname: "{{ host }}"
    username: "{{ user }}"
    dev_os: "{{ os }}"
    password: "{{ password }}"
    optional_args:
      port: "{{ port }}"
      filter: ['bgp_neighbors']
  register: napalm_facts
- name: "Check BGP sessions are healthy"
  assert:
    that:
      - item.value.is_up
        msg: "{{ item.key }} is down"
        with_dict: "{{ napalm_factsansible_facts.bgp_neighbors.global.peers }}"
- name: "Check BGP sessions are receiving prefixes"
  assert:
    that:
      - item.value.address_family.ipv6.received_prefixes > 0
        msg: "{{ item.key }} is not receiving any prefixes"
        with_dict: "{{ napalm_factsansible_facts.bgp_neighbors.global.peers }}"
```

D-D VERIFYING BGP STATE - RUN (1)

```
(network-tutorials) ➔ tutorial-4-data-driven-configuration git:(master) ✘ ansible-playbook playbook_verify.yml
..
# Check BGP sessions are healthy ****
* rtr00
  * 2001:db8:caf3:1::1
  * 2001:db8:caf3:2::1
* rtr01
  * 2001:db8:caf3:2:::
  * 2001:db8:caf3:1:::
# Check BGP sessions are receiving prefixes ****
* rtr00
  * 2001:db8:caf3:1::1
  * 2001:db8:caf3:2::1
* rtr01
  * 2001:db8:caf3:2:::
  * 2001:db8:caf3:1:::
# STATS ****
rtr00    : ok=3 changed=0          failed=0        unreachable=0
rtr01    : ok=3 changed=0          failed=0        unreachable=0
```

D-D VERIFYING BGP STATE - RUN (2)

```
(network-tutorials) ➔ tutorial-4-data-driven-configuration git:(master) ✘ ansible-playbook playbook_verify.yml
..
# Check BGP sessions are healthy ****
* rtr00
  * 2001:db8:caf3:1::1
  * 2001:db8:caf3:2::1
* rtr01
  * 2001:db8:caf3:2::
  * 2001:db8:caf3:1::
# Check BGP sessions are receiving prefixes ****
* rtr00
  * 2001:db8:caf3:1::1
  * 2001:db8:caf3:2::1
* rtr01
  * 2001:db8:caf3:2::
    2001:db8:caf3:2:: is not receiving any prefixes
  * 2001:db8:caf3:1::
# STATS ****
rtr00 : ok=3 changed=0      failed=0        unreachable=0
rtr01 : ok=2 changed=0      failed=1        unreachable=0
```

Maybe a faulty policy or missing communities?

D-D VERIFYING BGP STATE - RUN (3)

```
(network-tutorials) → tutorial-4-data-driven-configuration git:(master) ✘ ansible-playbook playbook_verify.yml  
..  
# Check BGP sessions are healthy *****  
* rtr00  
  * 2001:db8:caf3:1::1  
  * 2001:db8:caf3:2::1  
* rtr01  
  * 2001:db8:caf3:2::  
  * 2001:db8:caf3:1::  
  
- FAILED!!! -- One or more items failed -----  
  - FAILED!!! -- 2001:db8:caf3:1::1 is down -----  
  - changed=False -- all assertions passed -----  
- FAILED!!! -- One or more items failed -----  
  - changed=False -- all assertions passed -----  
  - FAILED!!! -- 2001:db8:caf3:1:: is down -----  
  
# STATS *****  
rtr00 : ok=1 changed=0      failed=1      unreachable=0  
rtr01 : ok=1 changed=0      failed=1      unreachable=0
```

Most probably a faulty link

D-D VERIFYING BGP STATE - RUN (4)

```
(network-tutorials) ➔ tutorial-4-data-driven-configuration git:(master) ✘ ansible-playbook playbook_verify.yml
..
# Check BGP sessions are healthy ****
* rtr00
  * 2001:db8:caf3:2::1
* rtr01
  * 2001:db8:caf3:2::
# Check BGP sessions are receiving prefixes ****
* rtr00
  * 2001:db8:caf3:2::1
* rtr01
  * 2001:db8:caf3:2::
# STATS ****
rtr00    : ok=3 changed=0      failed=0        unreachable=0
rtr01    : ok=3 changed=0      failed=0        unreachable=0
```

Looks fine but it is not, there is a link with no BGP session configured

SUMMARY

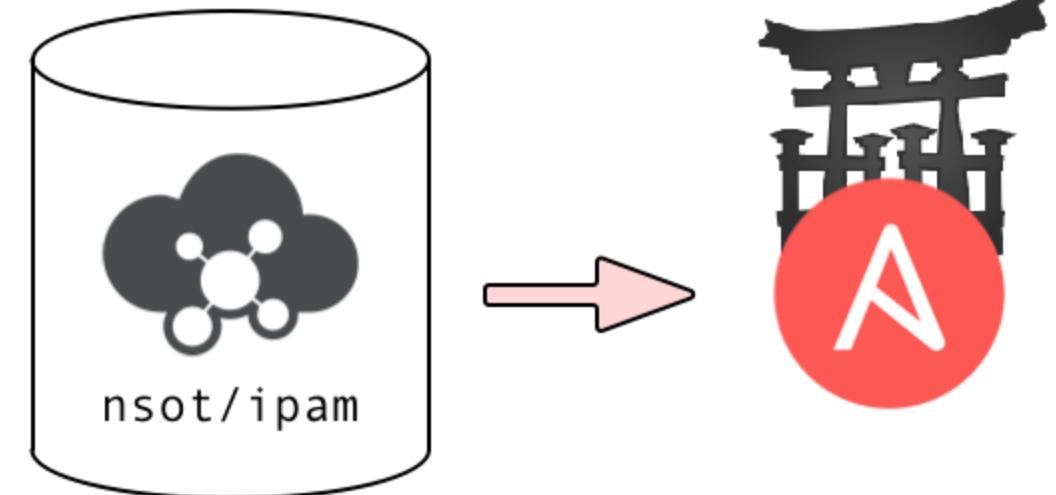
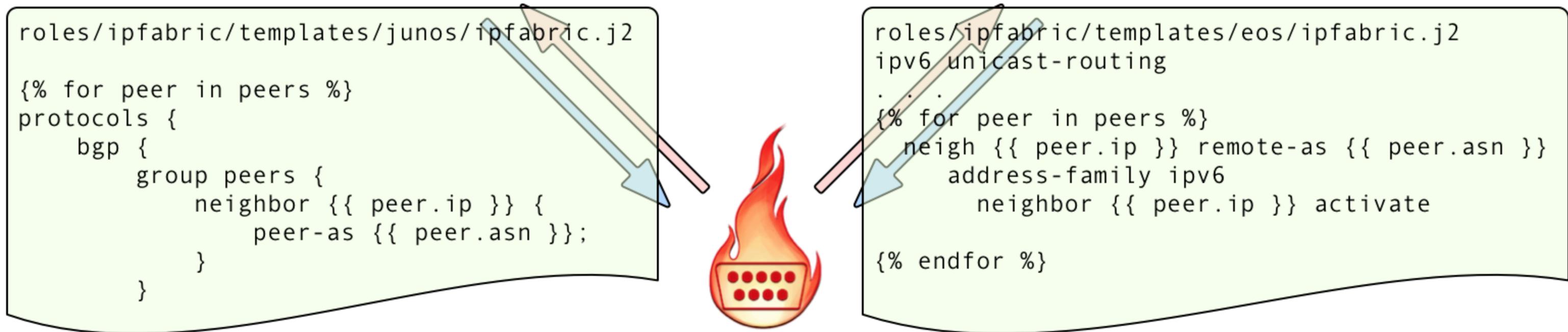
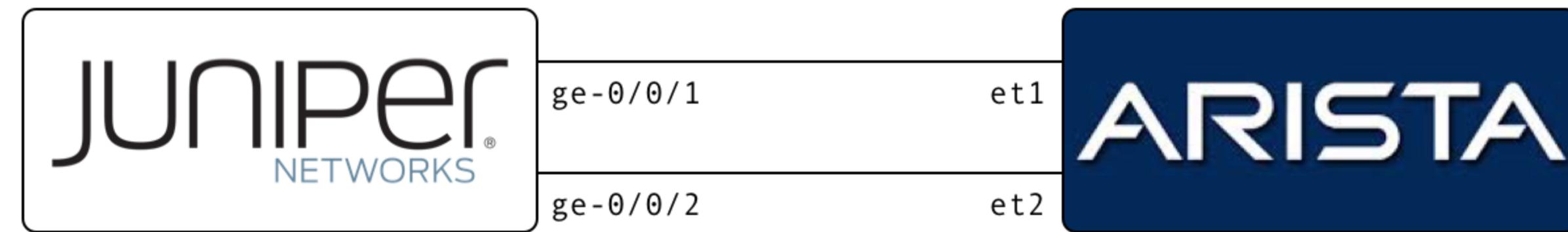
- We leveraged on what we learnt so far to build something more complex
- Storing data in static files makes them hard to manipulate but it's great for mocking new services or for data that doesn't change often or doesn't need to be queried
- We verified state of the network using the network as source of truth rather than using our knowledge about the network

5 - DATA DRIVEN CONFIGURATION WITH A **BACKEND**

Link to the code on [github](#)

OBJECTIVES

Similar to the previous scenario, however, this time we will use a backend to store and manipulate the data.



DDB - BEFORE WE BEGIN - START NSOT VM

```
→ ~ cd workspace/network-tutorials/labs/nsot
→ nsot git:(master) ✘ vagrant up
Bringing machine 'default' up with 'virtualbox' provider...
==> default: Importing base box 'ubuntu/trusty64'...
==> default: Matching MAC address for NAT networking...
==> default: Checking if box 'ubuntu/trusty64' is up to date...
==> default: A newer version of the box 'ubuntu/trusty64' is available! You currently
==> default: have version '20160926.0.1'. The latest is version '20161004.0.0'. Run
==> default: `vagrant box update` to update.
==> default: Setting the name of the VM: nsot_default_1475926003501_89657
==> default: Clearing any previously set forwarded ports...
==> default: Fixed port collision for 22 => 2222. Now on port 2200.
==> default: Clearing any previously set network interfaces...
==> default: Preparing network interfaces based on configuration...
    default: Adapter 1: nat
==> default: Forwarding ports...
    default: 80 (guest) => 8080 (host) (adapter 1)
    default: 8990 (guest) => 8990 (host) (adapter 1)
    default: 22 (guest) => 2200 (host) (adapter 1)
==> default: Booting VM...
==> default: Waiting for machine to boot. This may take a few minutes...
    default: SSH address: 127.0.0.1:2200
```

DDB - BEFORE WE BEGIN - START NSOT

```
--> default: 145 static files copied to '/usr/local/lib/python2.7/dist-packages/nsot/staticfiles'.
→ nsot git:(master) ✘ vagrant ssh
vagrant@vagrant-ubuntu-trusty-64:~$ nsot-server start
Performing upgrade before service startup...
```

```
You have installed Django's auth system, and don't have any superusers defined.
Would you like to create one now? (yes/no): yes
Email address: admin@acme.com
Password:
Password (again):
Superuser created successfully.
Performing collectstatic before service startup...
```

```
0 static files copied to '/usr/local/lib/python2.7/dist-packages/nsot/staticfiles', 145 unmodified.
Running service: 'http', num workers: 4, worker timeout: 30
[2016-10-08 06:32:02 +0000] [26759] [INFO] Starting gunicorn 19.3.0
[2016-10-08 06:32:02 +0000] [26759] [INFO] Listening at: http://0.0.0.0:8990 (26759)
[2016-10-08 06:32:02 +0000] [26759] [INFO] Using worker: gevent
[2016-10-08 06:32:02 +0000] [26766] [INFO] Booting worker with pid: 26766
[2016-10-08 06:32:02 +0000] [26767] [INFO] Booting worker with pid: 26767
[2016-10-08 06:32:02 +0000] [26768] [INFO] Booting worker with pid: 26768
[2016-10-08 06:32:02 +0000] [26769] [INFO] Booting worker with pid: 26769
```

DDB - BEFORE WE BEGIN - GATHER NSOT TOKEN

The screenshot shows a web browser window titled "NSoT" with the URL "localhost:8990/users/1". The page title is "Network Source of Truth". The main content area displays a user profile for "admin@acme.com". The profile includes a "User" section with fields for "Email" (admin@acme.com) and "Secret Key" (3AvRKqff0uuFT0d44ecqHlman31HPAcQ_nTLcF0m_uA=). A link "(Rotate Key)" is also present under the secret key field. The browser interface includes standard navigation buttons, a search bar, and a toolbar with various icons.

Network Source of Truth

Users | admin@acme.com

User

Email admin@acme.com

Secret Key 3AvRKqff0uuFT0d44ecqHlman31HPAcQ_nTLcF0m_uA=

(Rotate Key)

DDB - BEFORE WE BEGIN - NSOT CLIENT CONF

```
~/.pynsotrc
[pynsot]
url = http://localhost:8990/api
secret_key = 3AvRKqff0uuFT0d44ecqHIman31HPAcQ_nTLcF0m_uA= # Token
auth_method = auth_token
email = admin@acme.com
```

Make sure you replace the `secret_key` with the token you gathered in the previous step.

DDB - BEFORE WE BEGIN - CREATE THE DATA

```
(network-tutorials) ➔ tutorial-5-data-driven-configuration_with_backend git:(master) ✘ ./create_data.sh
+ nsot sites add --name my_demo_site
[SUCCESS] Added site!
+ nsot attributes add --site-id 1 --resource-name device --name os
[SUCCESS] Added attribute!
+ nsot attributes add --site-id 1 --resource-name device --name host
[SUCCESS] Added attribute!
+ nsot attributes add --site-id 1 --resource-name device --name user
[SUCCESS] Added attribute!
+ nsot attributes add --site-id 1 --resource-name device --name password --allow-empty
[SUCCESS] Added attribute!
+ nsot attributes add --site-id 1 --resource-name device --name port
[SUCCESS] Added attribute!
+ nsot devices add --site-id 1 --hostname rtr00
[SUCCESS] Added device!
+ nsot devices update --site-id 1 --id 1 -a os=eos -a host=127.0.0.1 -a user=vagrant -a password=vagrant -a port=12443
[SUCCESS] Updated device!
+ nsot devices add --site-id 1 --hostname rtr01
[SUCCESS] Added device!
+ nsot devices update --site-id 1 --id 2 -a os=junos -a host=127.0.0.1 -a user=vagrant -a password= -a port=12203
[SUCCESS] Updated device!
+ nsot attributes add --site-id 1 --resource-name device --name asn
[SUCCESS] Added attribute!
+ nsot attributes add --site-id 1 --resource-name device --name router_id
[SUCCESS] Added attribute!
+ nsot devices update --site-id 1 --id 1 -a asn=65001 -a router_id=10.1.1.1
```

DDB - BEFORE WE BEGIN - VERIFY THE DATA (1)

```
(network-tutorials) ➔ tutorial-5-data-driven-configuration_with_backend git:(master) ✘ nsot devices list -s 1
+-----+
| ID      Hostname      Attributes          |
+-----+
| 1       rtr00        router_id=10.1.1.1   |
|           asn=65001                   |
|           host=127.0.0.1                |
|           user=vagrant                 |
|           password=vagrant             |
|           os=eos                      |
|           port=12443                    |
| 2       rtr01        router_id=10.1.1.2   |
|           asn=65002                   |
|           host=127.0.0.1                |
|           user=vagrant                 |
|           password=                  |
|           os=junos                     |
|           port=12203                    |
+-----+
```

DDB - BEFORE WE BEGIN - VERIFY THE DATA (2)

```
(network-tutorials) ➔ tutorial-5-data-driven-configuration_with_backend git:(master) ✘ nsot interfaces list -s 1
```

ID	Device	Name	MAC	Addresses	Attributes
1	1	lo0	None	2001:db8:b33f::100/128	connects_to_iface=lo0 connects_to_device=loopback link_type=loopback
2	2	lo0	None	2001:db8:b33f::101/128	connects_to_iface=lo0 connects_to_device=loopback link_type=loopback
3	1	et1	None	2001:db8:caf3::/128	connects_to_iface=ge-0/0/1 link_type=fabric
4	1	et2	None	2001:db8:caf3::2/128	connects_to_device=rtr01 connects_to_iface=ge-0/0/2 link_type=fabric
5	2	ge-0/0/1	None	2001:db8:caf3::1/128	connects_to_device=rtr01 connects_to_iface=et1 link_type=fabric
6	2	ge-0/0/2	None	2001:db8:caf3::3/128	connects_to_device=rtr00 connects_to_iface=et2 link_type=fabric connects_to_device=rtr00

DDB - BACKEND INTEGRATION - INVENTORY

```
(network-tutorials) ➔ tutorial-5-data-driven-configuration_with_backend git:(master) ✘ ./hosts.py | jq
{
  "my_demo_site": {
    "hosts": [
      "rtr00",
      "rtr01"
    ],
    "children": [],
    "vars": {}
  },
  "_meta": {
    "hostvars": {
      "rtr01": {
        "router_id": "10.1.1.2",
        "interfaces": {
          "lo0": {
            "description": "",
            "type": 6,
            "id": 2,
            "ipv6": [
              "2001:db8:b33f::101/64"
            ],
            "name": "lo0",
            "mac": "00:00:00:00:00:00"
          }
        }
      }
    }
  }
}
```

DDB - BACKEND INTEGRATION - SMARTER DATA

```
(network-tutorials) ➔ tutorial-5-data-driven-configuration_with_backend git:(master) ✘ nsot interfaces list -s 1 -a link_type=fabric
```

ID	Device	Name	MAC	Addresses	Attributes
3	1	et1	None	2001:db8:caf3::/128	connects_to_iface=ge-0/0/1 link_type=fabric connects_to_device=rtr01
4	1	et2	None	2001:db8:caf3::2/128	connects_to_iface=ge-0/0/2 link_type=fabric connects_to_device=rtr01
5	2	ge-0/0/1	None	2001:db8:caf3::1/128	connects_to_iface=et1 link_type=fabric connects_to_device=rtr00
6	2	ge-0/0/2	None	2001:db8:caf3::3/128	connects_to_iface=et2 link_type=fabric connects_to_device=rtr00

```
{% for iface, iface_data in ifaces.items() if iface_data.attributes.link_type == "fabric" %}  
    {% set peer =iface_data.attributes.connects_to_device %}  
    {% set peer_iface =iface_data.attributes.connects_to_iface %}  
    {% set peer_ip = hostvars[peer]['interfaces'][peer_iface]['ipv6'][0].split('/')[0] %}  
    {% set peer_asn = hostvars[peer]['asn'] %}  
    neighbor {{ peer_ip }} remote-as {{ peer_asn }}  
    neighbor {{ peer_ip }} description {{ peer }}:{{ peer_iface }}  
    address-family ipv6  
        neighbor {{ peer_ip }} activate  
{% endfor %}
```

DDB - CONFIGURATION - RUN (1)

```
(network-tutorials) ➔ tutorial-5-data-driven-configuration_with_backend git:(master) ✘ ansible-playbook playbook_configure.yml
.....
# Load configuration into the device *****
* rtr01          - changed=True -----
[edit interfaces ge-0/0/1]
+ description rtr00:et1;
[edit interfaces ge-0/0/1 unit 0 family inet6]
+     address 2001:db8:caf3::1/127;
-     address 2001:db8:caf3:1::1/127;
[edit interfaces ge-0/0/2]
+ description rtr00:et2;
[edit interfaces ge-0/0/2 unit 0 family inet6]
+     address 2001:db8:caf3::3/127;
-     address 2001:db8:caf3:2::1/127;
[edit interfaces lo0]
+ description loopback:lo0;
[edit routing-options]
- router-id 1.1.1.101;
+ router-id 10.1.1.2;
- autonomous-system 65001;
+ autonomous-system 65002;
[edit protocols bgp group peers]
+ neighbor 2001:db8:caf3::2 {
+     description rtr00:et2;
+     peer-as 65001;
+ }
+ neighbor 2001:db8:caf3:: {
+     description rtr00:et1;
+     peer-as 65001;
+ }
```

DDB - CONFIGURATION - RUN (2)

```
- neighbor 2001:db8:caf3:1:: {
-     peer-as 65000;
- }
- neighbor 2001:db8:caf3:2:: {
-     peer-as 65000;
- }
* rtr00          - changed=True -----
@@ -21,14 +21,17 @@
username ***** privilege 15 role network-admin secret 5 $1$gPwz40c5$.FRwGrhtFFEIKHAeGN5Dq/
!
interface Ethernet1
+ description rtr01:ge-0/0/1
  no switchport
- ipv6 address 2001:db8:caf3:1::/127
+ ipv6 address 2001:db8:caf3::/127
!
interface Ethernet2
+ description rtr01:ge-0/0/2
  no switchport
- ipv6 address 2001:db8:caf3:2::/127
+ ipv6 address 2001:db8:caf3::2/127
!
interface Loopback0
+ description loopback:lo0
  ipv6 address 2001:db8:b33f::100/128
!
interface Management1
@@ -41,16 +44,18 @@
```

DDB - CONFIGURATION - RUN (3)

```
-router bgp 65000
-  router-id 1.1.1.100
-  neighbor 2001:db8:caf3:1::1 remote-as 65001
-  neighbor 2001:db8:caf3:1::1 maximum-routes 12000
-  neighbor 2001:db8:caf3:2::1 remote-as 65001
-  neighbor 2001:db8:caf3:2::1 maximum-routes 12000
+router bgp 65001
+  router-id 10.1.1.1
+  neighbor 2001:db8:caf3::1 remote-as 65002
+  neighbor 2001:db8:caf3::1 description rtr01:ge-0/0/1
+  neighbor 2001:db8:caf3::1 maximum-routes 12000
+  neighbor 2001:db8:caf3::3 remote-as 65002
+  neighbor 2001:db8:caf3::3 description rtr01:ge-0/0/2
+  neighbor 2001:db8:caf3::3 maximum-routes 12000
  redistribute connected route-map EXPORT-L00
  address-family ipv6
-    neighbor 2001:db8:caf3:1::1 activate
-    neighbor 2001:db8:caf3:2::1 activate
+    neighbor 2001:db8:caf3::1 activate
+    neighbor 2001:db8:caf3::3 activate
!
management api http-commands
  no shutdown

# STATS ****
rtr00  : ok=9 changed=1      failed=0      unreachable=0
rtr01  : ok=9 changed=1      failed=0      unreachable=0
```

DDB - VERIFYING - PLAYBOOK (1)

```
- name: "Get facts from device"
  napalm_get_facts:
    hostname: "{{ host }}"
    username: "{{ user }}"
    dev_os: "{{ os }}"
    password: "{{ password }}"
    optional_args:
      port: "{{ port }}"
    filter: ['bgp_neighbors']
  register: napalm_facts
```

DDB - VERIFYING - PLAYBOOK (2)

```
- name: "Check all BGP sessions are configured"
  assert:
    that:
      - hostvars[item.value.attributes.connects_to_device]['interfaces'][item.value.attributes.conne
        msg: "{{ '{}:{}' }}.format(item.value.attributes.connects_to_iface, item.value.attributes.connects_
        with_dict: "{{ interfaces }}"
      when: "{{ item.value.attributes.link_type == 'fabric' }}"
      tags: [print_action]
```

Let's take a look:

```
hostvars[item.value.attributes.connects_to_device]['interfaces']\
  [item.value.attributes.connects_to_iface]['ipv6'][0].split('/')[0]\
  in napalm_facts.ansible_facts.bgp_neighbors.global.peers
item.value                                     # interface
interface.attributes.connects_to_device       # peer
interface.attributes.connects_to_iface         # peer_iface
napalm_facts.ansible_facts.bgp_neighbors.global.peers  # my_configured_peers

hostvars[peer]['interfaces'][peer_iface]['ipv6'] in my_configured_peers
```

DDB - VERIFYING - PLAYBOOK (3)

```
- name: "Check BGP sessions are healthy"
  assert:
    that:
      - napalm_facts.ansible_facts.bgp_neighbors.global.peers[hostvars[item.value.attributes.connect_with_dict]] |> select("connects_to_iface") |> select("connects_with_interfaces") |> count == item.value.attributes.connects_to_ifaces
        msg: "{{ '{:}:{:}' }}.format(item.value.attributes.connects_to_iface, item.value.attributes.connects_with_interfaces)"
        when: "{{ item.value.attributes.link_type == 'fabric' }}"
        tags: [print_action]
- name: "Check BGP sessions are receiving prefixes"
  assert:
    that:
      - napalm_facts.ansible_facts.bgp_neighbors.global.peers[hostvars[item.value.attributes.connect_with_dict]] |> select("connects_to_iface") |> select("connects_with_interfaces") |> count == item.value.attributes.connects_to_ifaces
        msg: "{{ '{:}:{:}' }}.format(item.value.attributes.connects_to_iface, item.value.attributes.connects_with_interfaces)"
        when: "{{ item.value.attributes.link_type == 'fabric' }}"
        tags: [print_action]
```

DDB - VERIFYING - RUN (1)

```
# Check all BGP sessions are configured ****
* rtr00
  * et2
  * lo0
  * et1
* rtr01
  * lo0
  * ge-0/0/2
  * ge-0/0/1
# Check BGP sessions are healthy ****
* rtr00
  * et2
  * lo0
  * et1
* rtr01
  * lo0
  * ge-0/0/2
  * ge-0/0/1
# Check BGP sessions are receiving prefixes ****
* rtr00
  * et2
  * lo0
  * et1
* rtr01
  * lo0
  * ge-0/0/2
  * ge-0/0/1
```

We verify links, not BGP sessions

DDB - VERIFYING - RUN (2)

```
(network-tutorials) → tutorial-5-data-driven-configuration_with_backend git:(master) ✘ ansible-playbook playbook_verify.yml
..
# Check all BGP sessions are configured ****
* rtr00
  * et2
  * lo0
  * et1
    ge-0/0/1:rtr01 (2001:db8:caf3::1) is missing
* rtr01
  * lo0
  * ge-0/0/2
  * ge-0/0/1
# Check BGP sessions are healthy ****
* rtr01
  * lo0
  * ge-0/0/2
  * ge-0/0/1
    et1:rtr00 (2001:db8:caf3::) is configured but down

# STATS ****
rtr00    : ok=1 changed=0      failed=1      unreachable=0
rtr01    : ok=2 changed=0      failed=1      unreachable=0
```

We can correlate BGP sessions with interfaces easily. That might allows us to infer the reason behind the errors. For example, in the picture above it's easy to identify that the reason why 2001:db8:caf3:: is down in rtr01 it's because 2001:db8:caf3::1 is not configured in rtr00.

SUMMARY

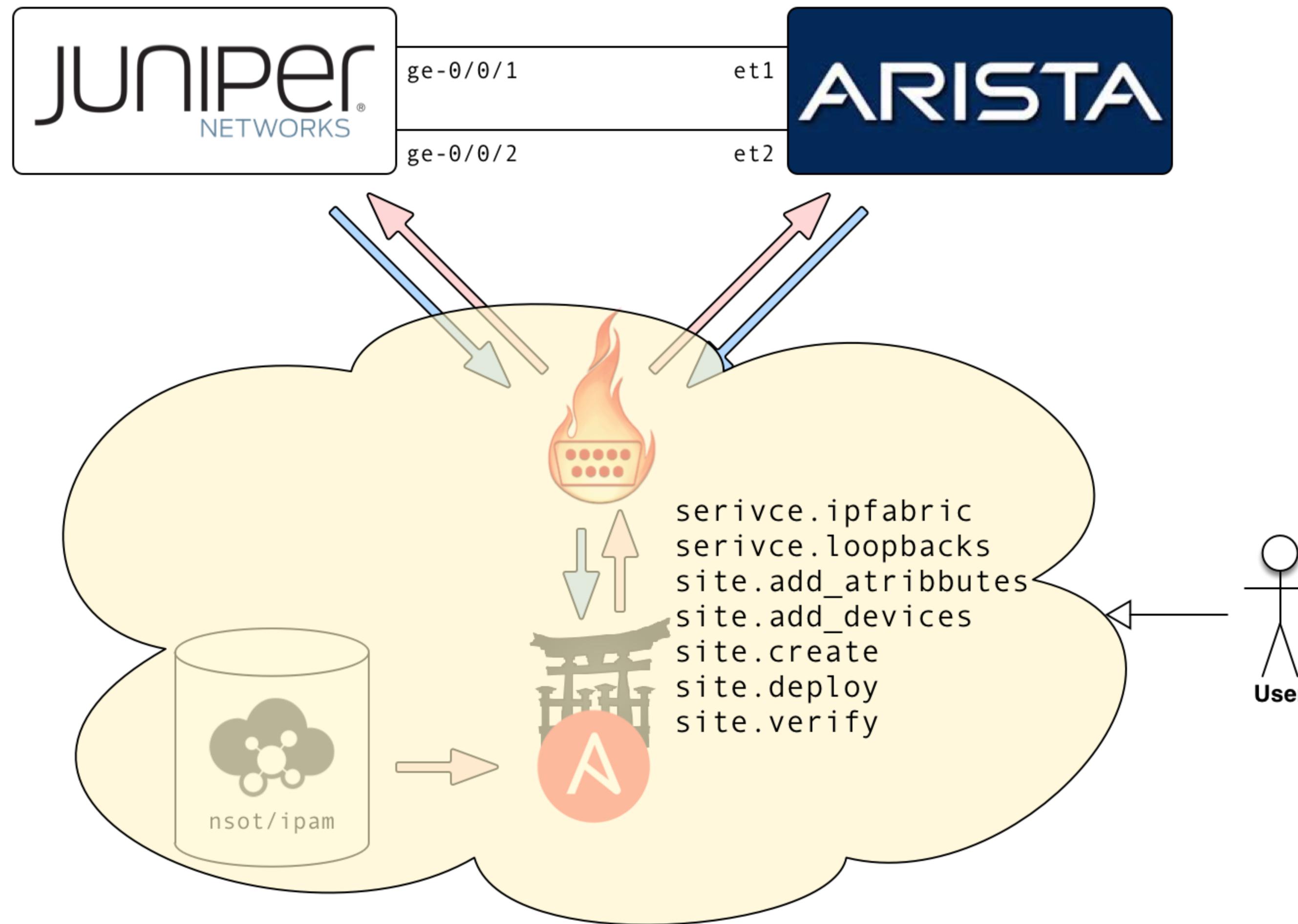
- We replaced all those YAML files with a backend (nsot)
- We added richer data to nsot that we previously had
- We leveraged on the richer data to build the configurations with less information (BGP peers were inferred)
- We leveraged on the richer data to help diagnose problems

6 - ABSTRACTIONS

Link to the code on github

OBJECTIVES

We are going to simplify operations. Sites and services will be abstracted and defined in simple definition files and added to the backend using an easy to use tool. Finally, ansible will be hidden behind the same tool.



ABSTRACTIONS - SITE DEFINITION - ACME

```
data/acme/devices.yml
```

```
---
```

```
devices:
```

```
  rtr00:
```

```
    os: eos
```

```
    host: 127.0.0.1
```

```
    domain: acme.com
```

```
    user: vagrant
```

```
    password: vagrant
```

```
    port: '12443'
```

```
    asn: '65001'
```

```
    router_id: 10.1.1.1
```

```
  rtr01:
```

```
    os: junos
```

```
    host: 127.0.0.1
```

```
    domain: acme.com
```

```
    user: vagrant
```

```
    password: ''
```

```
    port: '12203'
```

```
    asn: '65002'
```

```
    router_id: 10.1.1.2
```

```
data/acme/attributes.yml
```

```
---
```

```
attributes:
```

```
  Device:
```

```
    os: {}
```

```
    host: {}
```

```
    user: {}
```

```
    password:
```

```
      constraints:
```

```
        allow_empty: true
```

```
  port: {}
```

```
  asn: {}
```

```
  router_id: {}
```

```
  domain: {}
```

```
  Network:
```

```
    type: {}
```

```
    service: {}
```

```
  Interface:
```

```
    link_type: {}
```

```
    connects_to_device: {}
```

```
    connects_to_iface: {}
```

```
data/acme/services.yml
```

```
---
```

```
loopbacks:
```

```
  network_ranges:
```

```
    loopbacks: 2001:db8:feed::/48
```

```
    definition: {}
```

```
ipfabric:
```

```
  network_ranges:
```

```
    fabric_links: 2001:db8:cafe::/48
```

```
definition:
```

```
  links:
```

- left_device: rtr00
left_iface: et1
right_device: rtr01
right_iface: ge-0/0/1
- left_device: rtr00
left_iface: et2
right_device: rtr01
right_iface: ge-0/0/2

ABSTRACTIONS - SITE DEFINITION - EVIL

```
data/acme/devices.yml
---
devices:
  evil00:
    os: eos
    host: 127.0.0.1
    domain: evilcorp.com
    user: vagrant
    password: vagrant
    port: '12443'
    asn: '65666'
    router_id: 10.6.66.1
  evil01:
    os: junos
    host: 127.0.0.1
    domain: evil.com
    user: vagrant
    password: ''
    port: '12203'
    asn: '65666'
    router_id: 10.6.66.2
```

```
data/acme/attributes.yml
---
attributes:
  Device:
    os: {}
    host: {}
    user: {}
    password:
      constraints:
        allow_empty: true
    port: {}
    asn: {}
    router_id: {}
    domain: {}
  Network:
    type: {}
    service: {}
  Interface:
    link_type: {}
    connects_to_device: {}
    connects_to_iface: {}
```

```
data/acme/services.yml
---
loopbacks:
  network_ranges:
    loopbacks: 2001:db8:dead::/48
    definition: {}

ipfabric:
  network_ranges:
    fabric_links: 2001:db8:c0ff::/48
  definition:
    links:
      - left_device: rtr00
        left_iface: et1
        right_device: rtr01
        right_iface: ge-0/0/1
      - left_device: rtr00
        left_iface: et2
        right_device: rtr01
        right_iface: ge-0/0/2
```

ABSTRACTIONS - COMMAND-LINE

```
(network-tutorials) ➔ tutorial-6-abstractions git:(master) ✘ inv --list  
Available tasks:
```

db.reset	Resets the database. All sites and their related data are wiped out.
service.ipfabric	Read service definition for ipfabric service and add data to the backend.
service.loopbacks	Read service definition for loopbacks service and add data to the backend.
site.add_attributes	Add attributes to a site.
site.add_devices	Add devices to a site.
site.create	Create a site.
site.deploy	Deploy a site.
site.verify	Verify site is healthy.

ABSTRACTIONS - CREATING THE SITES - ACME(1)

```
(network-tutorials) → tutorial-6-abstractions git:(master) ✘ inv site.create -n acme -d "Acme Corp."
2016-10-08 20:07:53,712 - tutorial-6-abstractions - INFO - {u'description': u'Acme Corp.', u'id': 2, u'name': u'acme'}
(network-tutorials) → tutorial-6-abstractions git:(master) ✘ inv site.add_attributes -s acme -f data/acme/attributes.yml
2016-10-08 20:07:57,852 - tutorial-6-abstractions - INFO - Creating attribute: {'resource_name': 'Device', 'name': 'router_id'}
2016-10-08 20:07:57,877 - tutorial-6-abstractions - INFO - Creating attribute: {'resource_name': 'Device', 'name': 'domain'}
2016-10-08 20:07:57,904 - tutorial-6-abstractions - INFO - Creating attribute: {'resource_name': 'Device', 'name': 'asn'}
2016-10-08 20:07:57,927 - tutorial-6-abstractions - INFO - Creating attribute: {'resource_name': 'Device', 'name': 'host'}
2016-10-08 20:07:57,947 - tutorial-6-abstractions - INFO - Creating attribute: {'resource_name': 'Device', 'name': 'user'}
2016-10-08 20:07:57,970 - tutorial-6-abstractions - INFO - Creating attribute: {'resource_name': 'Device', 'name': 'password', 'constraints': {'allow_empty': True}}
2016-10-08 20:07:57,991 - tutorial-6-abstractions - INFO - Creating attribute: {'resource_name': 'Device', 'name': 'os'}
2016-10-08 20:07:58,013 - tutorial-6-abstractions - INFO - Creating attribute: {'resource_name': 'Device', 'name': 'port'}
2016-10-08 20:07:58,036 - tutorial-6-abstractions - INFO - Creating attribute: {'resource_name': 'Interface', 'name': 'connects_to_iface'}
2016-10-08 20:07:58,057 - tutorial-6-abstractions - INFO - Creating attribute: {'resource_name': 'Interface', 'name': 'link_type'}
2016-10-08 20:07:58,077 - tutorial-6-abstractions - INFO - Creating attribute: {'resource_name': 'Interface', 'name': 'connects_to_device'}
2016-10-08 20:07:58,098 - tutorial-6-abstractions - INFO - Creating attribute: {'resource_name': 'Network', 'name': 'type'}
2016-10-08 20:07:58,120 - tutorial-6-abstractions - INFO - Creating attribute: {'resource_name': 'Network', 'name': 'service'}
(network-tutorials) → tutorial-6-abstractions git:(master) ✘ inv site.add_devices -s acme -f data/acme/devices.yml
2016-10-08 20:08:10,347 - tutorial-6-abstractions - INFO - Creating device: {'attributes': {'router_id': '10.1.1.2', 'domain': 'acme.com', 'port': '12203', 'host': '127.0.0.1', 'user': 'vagrant', 'password': '', 'os': 'junos', 'asn': '65002'}, 'hostname': 'rtr01'}
2016-10-08 20:08:10,400 - tutorial-6-abstractions - INFO - Creating device: {'attributes': {'router_id': '10.1.1.1', 'domain': 'acme.com', 'port': '12443', 'host': '127.0.0.1', 'user': 'vagrant', 'password': 'vagrant', 'os': 'eos', 'asn': '65001'}, 'hostname': 'rtr00'}
```

ABSTRACTIONS - CREATING THE SITES - ACME(2)

```
(network-tutorials) ➔ tutorial-6-abstractions git:(master) ✘ inv serivce.loopbacks -s acme -f data/acme/services.yml
2016-10-08 20:08:14,980 - tutorial-6-abstractions - INFO - Creating network: {'attributes': {'type': 'loopbacks', 'service': 'loopback'}, 'cidr': '2001:db8:feed::/48'}
2016-10-08 20:08:15,033 - tutorial-6-abstractions - INFO - Creating iface: {'device': 4, 'attributes': {'connects_to_iface': 'loopback', 'connects_to_device': 'loopback', 'link_type': 'loopbacks'}, 'name': 'lo0', 'addresses': [u'2001:db8:feed::1/128']}
2016-10-08 20:08:15,086 - tutorial-6-abstractions - INFO - {u'description': u'', u'type': 6, u'id': 7, u'name': u'lo0', u'parent_id': None, u'mac_address': u'00:00:00:00:00:00', u'device': 4, u'attributes': {u'connects_to_iface': u'loopback', u'link_type': u'loopbacks', u'connects_to_device': u'loopback'}, u'speed': 1000, u'networks': [u'2001:db8:feed::/48'], u'addresses': [u'2001:db8:feed::1/128']}
2016-10-08 20:08:15,105 - tutorial-6-abstractions - INFO - Creating iface: {'device': 3, 'attributes': {'connects_to_iface': 'loopback', 'connects_to_device': 'loopback', 'link_type': 'loopbacks'}, 'name': 'lo0', 'addresses': [u'2001:db8:feed::2/128']}
2016-10-08 20:08:15,153 - tutorial-6-abstractions - INFO - {u'description': u'', u'type': 6, u'id': 8, u'name': u'lo0', u'parent_id': None, u'mac_address': u'00:00:00:00:00:00', u'device': 3, u'attributes': {u'connects_to_iface': u'loopback', u'link_type': u'loopbacks', u'connects_to_device': u'loopback'}, u'speed': 1000, u'networks': [u'2001:db8:feed::/48'], u'addresses': [u'2001:db8:feed::2/128']}
(network-tutorials) ➔ tutorial-6-abstractions git:(master) ✘ inv serivce.ipfabric -s acme -f data/acme/services.yml
2016-10-08 20:08:18,782 - tutorial-6-abstractions - INFO - Creating network: {'attributes': {'type': 'fabric_links', 'service': 'ipfabric'}, 'cidr': '2001:db8:cafe::/48'}
2016-10-08 20:08:18,837 - tutorial-6-abstractions - INFO - Creating iface: {'device': 4, 'attributes': {'connects_to_iface': 'ge-0/0/1', 'connects_to_device': 'rtr01', 'link_type': 'fabric_links'}, 'name': 'et1', 'addresses': []}
2016-10-08 20:08:18,869 - tutorial-6-abstractions - INFO - {u'description': u'', u'type': 6, u'id': 9, u'name': u'et1', u'parent_id': None, u'mac_address': u'00:00:00:00:00:00', u'device': 4, u'attributes': {u'connects_to_iface': u'ge-0/0/1', u'link_type': u'fabric_links', u'connects_to_device': u'rtr01'}, u'speed': 1000, u'networks': [], u'addresses': []}
2016-10-08 20:08:18,877 - tutorial-6-abstractions - INFO - Creating iface: {'device': 3, 'attributes': {'connects_to_iface': 'et1', 'connects_to_device': 'rtr00', 'link_type': 'fabric_links'}, 'name': 'ge-0/0/1', 'addresses': []}
2016-10-08 20:08:18,913 - tutorial-6-abstractions - INFO - {u'description': u'', u'type': 6, u'id': 10, u'name': u'ge-0/0/1', u'parent_id': None, u'mac_address': u'00:00:00:00:00:00', u'device': 3, u'attributes': {u'connects_to_iface': u'et1', u'link_type': u'fabric_links', u'connects_to_device': u'rtr00'}, u'speed': 1000, u'networks': [], u'addresses': []}
```

ABSTRACTIONS - CREATING THE SITES - EVIL

```
inv site.create --name evil
inv site.add_attributes -s evil -f data/evil/attributes.yml
inv site.add_devices -s evil -f data/evil/devices.yml
inv serivce.loopbacks -s evil -f data/evil/services.yml
inv serivce.ipfabric -s evil -f data/evil/services.yml
```

ABSTRACTIONS - VERIFY DATA - ACME

```
(network-tutorials) → tutorial-6-abstractions git:(master) ✘ nsot sites list -n acme
+-----+
| ID   Name    Description |
+-----+
| 2    acme    Acme Corp. |
+-----+
```

```
(network-tutorials) → tutorial-6-abstractions git:(master) ✘ nsot devices list -s 2
+-----+
| ID   Hostname  Attributes      |
+-----+
| 4    rtr00     router_id=10.1.1.1
|           domain=acme.com
|           asn=65001
|           host=127.0.0.1
|           user=vagrant
|           password=vagrant
|           os=eos
|           port=12443
| 3    rtr01     router_id=10.1.1.2
|           domain=acme.com
|           asn=65002
|           host=127.0.0.1
|           user=vagrant
|           password=
|           os=junos
|           port=12203
+-----+
```

```
(network-tutorials) → tutorial-6-abstractions git:(master) ✘ nsot interfaces list -s 2
+-----+
| ID   Device   Name    MAC                                Addresses          Attributes
+-----+
| 7    4        lo0     00:00:00:00:00:00  2001:db8:feed::1/128 connects_to_iface=loopback
|           link_type=loopbacks
| 8    3        lo0     00:00:00:00:00:00  2001:db8:feed::2/128 connects_to_iface=loopback
|           link_type=loopbacks
| 9    4        et1     00:00:00:00:00:00  2001:db8:cafe::1/128 connects_to_iface=ge-0/0/1
|           link_type=fabric_links
|           connects_to_device=rtr01
| 10   3        ge-0/0/1 00:00:00:00:00:00  2001:db8:cafe::1/128 connects_to_iface=et1
|           link_type=fabric_links
|           connects_to_device=rtr01
| 11   4        et2     00:00:00:00:00:00  2001:db8:cafe::2/128 connects_to_iface=ge-0/0/2
|           link_type=fabric_links
|           connects_to_device=rtr00
| 12   3        ge-0/0/2 00:00:00:00:00:00  2001:db8:cafe::3/128 connects_to_iface=et2
|           link_type=fabric_links
|           connects_to_device=rtr00
+-----+
```

For demonstrational purposes ;)

ABSTRACTIONS - VERIFY DATA - EVIL

```
(network-tutorials) → tutorial-6-abstractions git:(master) ✘ nsot sites list -n evil
+-----+
| ID  Name  Description |
+-----+
| 3   evil           |
+-----+
```

```
(network-tutorials) → tutorial-6-abstractions git:(master) ✘ nsot devices list -s 3
+-----+
| ID  Hostname  Attributes      |
+-----+
| 6   evil00    router_id=10.6.66.1
|           domain=evilcorp.com
|           asn=65666
|           host=127.0.0.1
|           user=vagrant
|           password=vagrant
|           os=eos
|           port=12443
| 5   evil01    router_id=10.6.66.2
|           domain=evil.com
|           asn=65666
|           host=127.0.0.1
|           user=vagrant
|           password=
|           os=junos
|           port=12203
+-----+
```

```
(network-tutorials) → tutorial-6-abstractions git:(master) ✘ nsot interfaces list -s 3
+-----+
| ID  Device  Name    MAC                Addresses          Attributes
+-----+
| 13  6       et1     00:00:00:00:00:00  2001:db8:c0ff::/128 connects_to_iface=ge-0/0/1
|           link_type=fabric_links
| 14  5       ge-0/0/1 00:00:00:00:00:00  2001:db8:c0ff::1/128 connects_to_device=evil01
|           connects_to_iface=et1
|           link_type=fabric_links
| 15  6       et2     00:00:00:00:00:00  2001:db8:c0ff::2/128 connects_to_device=evil00
|           connects_to_iface=ge-0/0/2
|           link_type=fabric_links
| 16  5       ge-0/0/2 00:00:00:00:00:00  2001:db8:c0ff::3/128 connects_to_device=evil01
|           connects_to_iface=et2
|           link_type=fabric_links
| 17  6       lo0     00:00:00:00:00:00  2001:db8:dead::1/128 connects_to_device=evil00
|           connects_to_iface=loopback
|           link_type=loopbacks
| 18  5       lo0     00:00:00:00:00:00  2001:db8:dead::2/128 connects_to_device=loopback
|           connects_to_iface=loopback
|           link_type=loopbacks
|           connects_to_device=loopback
+-----+
```

For demonstrational purposes ;)

ABSTRACTIONS - DEPLOY SITE - ACME (1)

```
(network-tutorials) → tutorial-6-abstractions git:(master) ✘ inv site.deploy --site acme
```

```
.....  
# Load configuration into the device *****  
* rtr00  
  - changed=True -----  
    @@ -23,16 +23,16 @@  
    interface Ethernet1  
      description rtr01:ge-0/0/1  
      no switchport  
    - ipv6 address 2001:db8:caf3::/127  
    + ipv6 address 2001:db8:cafe::/127  
    !  
    interface Ethernet2  
      description rtr01:ge-0/0/2  
      no switchport  
    - ipv6 address 2001:db8:caf3::2/127  
    + ipv6 address 2001:db8:cafe::2/127  
    !  
    interface Loopback0  
    - description loopback:lo0  
    - ipv6 address 2001:db8:b33f::100/128  
    + description loopback:loopback  
    + ipv6 address 2001:db8:feed::1/48  
    !  
    interface Management1  
      ip address 10.0.2.15/24  
    @@ -46,12 +46,16 @@  
    !
```

ABSTRACTIONS - DEPLOY SITE - ACME (2)

```
router bgp 65001
    router-id 10.1.1.1
- neighbor 2001:db8:caf3::3 remote-as 65002
- neighbor 2001:db8:caf3::3 description rtr01:ge-0/0/2
- neighbor 2001:db8:caf3::3 maximum-routes 12000
+ neighbor 2001:db8:cafe::1 remote-as 65002
+ neighbor 2001:db8:cafe::1 description rtr01:ge-0/0/1
+ neighbor 2001:db8:cafe::1 maximum-routes 12000
+ neighbor 2001:db8:cafe::3 remote-as 65002
+ neighbor 2001:db8:cafe::3 description rtr01:ge-0/0/2
+ neighbor 2001:db8:cafe::3 maximum-routes 12000
    redistribute connected route-map EXPORT-L00
    address-family ipv6
-     neighbor 2001:db8:caf3::3 activate
+     neighbor 2001:db8:cafe::1 activate
+     neighbor 2001:db8:cafe::3 activate
!
management api http-commands
    no shutdown
* rtr01          - changed=True -----
[edit interfaces ge-0/0/1 unit 0 family inet6]
+     address 2001:db8:cafe::1/127;
-     address 2001:db8:caf3::1/127;
[edit interfaces ge-0/0/2 unit 0 family inet6]
+     address 2001:db8:cafe::3/127;
-     address 2001:db8:caf3::3/127;
```

ABSTRACTIONS - DEPLOY SITE - ACME (3)

```
[edit interfaces lo0]
-  description loopback:lo0;
+  description loopback:loopback;
[edit interfaces lo0 unit 0 family inet6]
+      address 2001:db8:feed::2/48;
-      address 2001:db8:b33f::101/128;
[edit protocols bgp group peers]
+  neighbor 2001:db8:cafe::2 {
+      description rtr00:et2;
+      peer-as 65001;
+  }
+  neighbor 2001:db8:cafe:: {
+      description rtr00:et1;
+      peer-as 65001;
+  }
-  neighbor 2001:db8:caf3::2 {
-      description rtr00:et2;
-      peer-as 65001;
-  }
-  neighbor 2001:db8:caf3:: {
-      description rtr00:et1;
-      peer-as 65001;
-  }

# STATS ****
rtr00    : ok=9 changed=1          failed=0        unreachable=0
rtr01    : ok=9 changed=1          failed=0        unreachable=0
```

ABSTRACTIONS - DEPLOY SITE - ACME (4)

```
(network-tutorials) → tutorial-6-abstractions git:(master) ✘ inv site.deploy --site acme --commit
-----
# Load configuration into the device *****
* rtr00
  * changed=True
    @@ -23,16 +23,16 @@
      interface Ethernet1
        description rtr01:ge-0/0/1
        no switchport
      - ipv6 address 2001:db8:caf3::/127
      + ipv6 address 2001:db8:cafe::/127
      !
      interface Ethernet2
        description rtr01:ge-0/0/2
        no switchport
      - ipv6 address 2001:db8:caf3::2/127
      + ipv6 address 2001:db8:cafe::2/127
      !
      interface Loopback0
      - description loopback:lo0
      - ipv6 address 2001:db8:b33f::100/128
      + description loopback:loopback
      + ipv6 address 2001:db8:feed::1/48
      !
      interface Management1
        ip address 10.0.2.15/24
    @@ -46,12 +46,16 @@
    !
```

ABSTRACTIONS - DEPLOY SITE - ACME (5)

```
(network-tutorials) ➔ tutorial-6-abstractions git:(master) ✘ inv site.deploy --site acme
.....
# Load configuration into the device *****
* rtr00          - changed=False --
* rtr01          - changed=False --
# STATS *****
rtr00    : ok=9 changed=0      failed=0      unreachable=0
rtr01    : ok=9 changed=0      failed=0      unreachable=0
```

ABSTRACTIONS - VERIFY SITE - ACME

```
(network-tutorials) → tutorial-6-abstractions git:(master) ✘ inv site.verify --site acme
..
# Check all BGP sessions are configured ****
* rtr00
  * et2
  * lo0
  * et1
* rtr01
  * lo0
  * ge-0/0/2
  * ge-0/0/1
# Check BGP sessions are healthy ****
* rtr00
  * et2
  * lo0
  * et1
* rtr01
  * lo0
  * ge-0/0/2
  * ge-0/0/1
# Check BGP sessions are receiving prefixes ****
* rtr00
  * et2
  * lo0
  * et1
* rtr01
  * lo0
  * ge-0/0/2
  * ge-0/0/1
# STATS ****
rtr00    : ok=4 changed=0      failed=0        unreachable=0
rtr01    : ok=4 changed=0      failed=0        unreachable=0
```

ABSTRACTIONS - DEPLOY SITE - EVIL (1)

```
(network-tutorials) ➔ tutorial-6-abstractions git:(master) ✘ inv site.deploy --site evil
.....
# Load configuration into the device *****
* evil00
  * changed=True
    @@ -8,8 +8,8 @@
      !
      transceiver qsfp default-mode 4x10G
      !
      -hostname rtr00
      -ip domain-name acme.com
      +hostname evil00
      +ip domain-name evilcorp.com
      !
      spanning-tree mode mstp
      !
      @@ -21,18 +21,18 @@
        username ***** privilege 15 role network-admin secret 5 $1$gPwz40c5$.FRwGrhtFFEIKHAeGN5Dq/
        !
        interface Ethernet1
        -  description rtr01:ge-0/0/1
        +  description evil01:ge-0/0/1
          no switchport
        -  ipv6 address 2001:db8:cafe::/127
        +  ipv6 address 2001:db8:c0ff::/127
        !
        interface Ethernet2
        -  description rtr01:ge-0/0/2
        +  description evil01:ge-0/0/2
```

ABSTRACTIONS - DEPLOY SITE - EVIL (2)

```
-router bgp 65001
-  router-id 10.1.1.1
-  neighbor 2001:db8:cafe::1 remote-as 65002
-  neighbor 2001:db8:cafe::1 description rtr01:ge-0/0/1
-  neighbor 2001:db8:cafe::1 maximum-routes 12000
-  neighbor 2001:db8:cafe::3 remote-as 65002
-  neighbor 2001:db8:cafe::3 description rtr01:ge-0/0/2
-  neighbor 2001:db8:cafe::3 maximum-routes 12000
+router bgp 65666
+  router-id 10.6.66.1
+  neighbor 2001:db8:c0ff::1 remote-as 65666
+  neighbor 2001:db8:c0ff::1 description evil01:ge-0/0/1
+  neighbor 2001:db8:c0ff::1 maximum-routes 12000
+  neighbor 2001:db8:c0ff::3 remote-as 65666
+  neighbor 2001:db8:c0ff::3 description evil01:ge-0/0/2
+  neighbor 2001:db8:c0ff::3 maximum-routes 12000
    redistribute connected route-map EXPORT-L00
    address-family ipv6
      neighbor 2001:db8:cafe::1 activate
      neighbor 2001:db8:cafe::3 activate
+    neighbor 2001:db8:c0ff::1 activate
+    neighbor 2001:db8:c0ff::3 activate
!
management api http-commands
  no shutdown
* evil01          - changed=True -----
[edit system]
-  host-name rtr01;
+  host-name evil01;
```

ABSTRACTIONS - DEPLOY SITE - EVIL (3)

```
* evil01          - changed=True -----
[edit system]
- host-name rtr01;
+ host-name evil01;
- domain-name acme.com;
+ domain-name evil.com;
[edit interfaces ge-0/0/1]
- description rtr00:et1;
+ description evil00:et1;
[edit interfaces ge-0/0/1 unit 0 family inet6]
+      address 2001:db8:c0ff::1/127;
-      address 2001:db8:cafe::1/127;
[edit interfaces ge-0/0/2]
- description rtr00:et2;
+ description evil00:et2;
[edit interfaces ge-0/0/2 unit 0 family inet6]
+      address 2001:db8:c0ff::3/127;
-      address 2001:db8:cafe::3/127;
[edit interfaces lo0 unit 0 family inet6]
+      address 2001:db8:dead::2/48;
-      address 2001:db8:feed::2/48;
[edit routing-options]
- router-id 10.1.1.2;
+ router-id 10.6.66.2;
- autonomous-system 65002;
+ autonomous-system 65666;
```

ABSTRACTIONS - DEPLOY SITE - EVIL (4)

```
[edit protocols bgp group peers]
+ neighbor 2001:db8:c0ff::2 {
+   description evil00:et2;
+   peer-as 65666;
+ }
+ neighbor 2001:db8:c0ff:: {
+   description evil00:et1;
+   peer-as 65666;
+ }
- neighbor 2001:db8:cafe::2 {
-   description rtr00:et2;
-   peer-as 65001;
- }
- neighbor 2001:db8:cafe:: {
-   description rtr00:et1;
-   peer-as 65001;
- }

# STATS ****
evil00    : ok=9          changed=1        failed=0        unreachable=0
evil01    : ok=9          changed=1        failed=0        unreachable=0
```

ABSTRACTIONS - DEPLOY SITE - EVIL (5)

```
(network-tutorials) → tutorial-6-abstractions git:(master) ✘ inv site.deploy --site evil --commit
.....
# Load configuration into the device *****
* evil00
  * changed=True
    @@ -8,8 +8,8 @@
      !
      transceiver qsfp default-mode 4x10G
      !
      -hostname rtr00
      -ip domain-name acme.com
      +hostname evil00
      +ip domain-name evilcorp.com
      !
      spanning-tree mode mstp
      !
      @@ -21,18 +21,18 @@
        username ***** privilege 15 role network-admin secret 5 $1$gPwz40c5$.FRwGrhtFFEIKHAeGN5Dq/
        !
        interface Ethernet1
        -  description rtr01:ge-0/0/1
        +  description evil01:ge-0/0/1
          no switchport
        -  ipv6 address 2001:db8:cafe::/127
        +  ipv6 address 2001:db8:c0ff::/127
        !
        interface Ethernet2
        -  description rtr01:ge-0/0/2
        +  description evil01:ge-0/0/2
```

ABSTRACTIONS - VERIFY SITE - EVIL

```
(network-tutorials) ➔ tutorial-6-abstractions git:(master) ✘ inv site.verify --site evil
..
# Check all BGP sessions are configured ****
* evil00
  * et2
  * lo0
  * et1
* evil01
  * lo0
  * ge-0/0/2
  * ge-0/0/1
# Check BGP sessions are healthy ****
* evil00
  * et2
  * lo0
  * et1
* evil01
  * lo0
  * ge-0/0/2
  * ge-0/0/1
# Check BGP sessions are receiving prefixes ****
* evil00
  * et2
  * lo0
  * et1
* evil01
  * lo0
  * ge-0/0/2
  * ge-0/0/1
# STATS ****
evil00    : ok=4      changed=0      failed=0      unreachable=0
evil01    : ok=4      changed=0      failed=0      unreachable=0
```

SUMMARY

- We built a tool that focused on services
- The tool would read simple definition files that users can easily create/manipulate and do the necessary changes in the backend.
- As the tool is very simple and easy to use, it can be used by any type of user, not only by network engineers
- Tool could be a web form rather than a cli tool

QUESTIONS?

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Slides - https://www.dravetech.com/presos/network_automationTutorial.html

Code - <https://github.com/dravetech/network-tutorials>